**لیست مقالات کوهورت آذر**

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| Number | Title |  Journal |
| 1 | Cohort Profile: The AZAR cohort, health-oriented research model in areas of major environmental change in Central Asia | International Journal of Epidemiology |
| 2 | Prevalence of musculoskeletal disorders in Azar cohort population in Northwest of Iran | Rheumatology International |
| 3 | Seroepidemiology and Risk Factors of Hepatitis B Virus infection: A Populatoin -Based Azar cohort study | Iranian Journal of Public Health |
| 4 | Polymorphism (-499C/G) in DDAH2 promoter may act as a protective factor for metabolic syndrome :A case-control study in Azar -Cohort population | Archives of Endocrinology and Metabolism |
| 5 | Pattern and Predicting Risk Factors of Multi-Morbidity in Azar Cohort Population | Archives of Iranian Medicine |
| 6 | Prevalence of Polypharmacy and Predictor Risk Factors of Polypharmacy in the Azar Cohort Population | Iranian Journal of Pharmaceutical Research |
| 7 | Interleukin 28B Genetic Polymorphism and Spontaneous Recovery from Hepatitis B virus infection in an Iranian Azeri Population | Hepatitis Monthly |
| 8 | Association of NOS3-c.894G>T transversion with susceptibility to metabolic syndrome in Azar-cohort population: A case-control study and in Silico analysis of the SNP molecular effects | Iranian Journal Of Basic Medical Science |
| 9 | Heterogeneous contributions of change in population distribution of body mass index to change in obesity and underweight | elife |
| 10 | Socioeconomic-related inequalities in oral hygiene behavior : across-sectional analysis of the Persian cohort study | BMC Oral Health |
| 11 | Prevalence and determinants of anemiaamong Iranian population aged >35 years: APERSIAN cohort–based cross-sectional study | Plos One |
| 12 | Decomposing socioeconomic inequality in poor mental health among Iranian adult population :results from the Persian cohort study | BMC Psychiatry |
| 14 | Socioeconomic gradient in physical activity: findings from the Persian cohort study | BMC Public Health |
| 15 | Socioeconomic - related inequalities in overweight and obesity :findings from the Persian cohort study | BMC Public Health |
| 16 | Prevalence of drug use, alcohol consumption , cigarette smoking and mesure of socioecnomic-related inequaltities of drug use among Iranian people :findings from a national survey | Substance Abuse Treatment, Prevention, and Policy |
| 17 | Global variation in diabetes diagnosis andprevalence based on fasting glucose andhemoglobin A1c | Nature medicine |
| 18 | Is normal body mass index a good indicator of metabolic health inAzar cohort population? | Journal of Cardiovascular Thoracic Research |
| 19 | Association between food insecurity and metabolic syndrome in North West of Iran: Azar Cohort study | Journal of Cardiovascular Thoracic Research |
| 20 | Validity of Questionnaire-Based Diagnosis of Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease in Azar-Cohort Population | TANAFFOS |
| 21 | Validity and Reliability of the Questionnaire for Assessing Women’sReproductive History in Azar Cohort Study | Journal of Caring Sciences |
| 22 | Determination of the Best Anthropometric Index of Obesity forPrediction of Prehypertension and Hypertension in a Large Population -Based-study ;Azarcohort | Iranian Red Crescent Medical Journal |
| 23 | Prevalence and predictors of low back pain among the Iranian population: Results from the Persian cohort study | Annals of Medicine and Surgery |
| 24 | Does long sleep duration increase risk of metabolic syndrome inAzar cohort study population? | Health Promotion Prospective |
| 25 | Chronic kidney disease among the Iranian-Azari population ; areport from pilot phase of Azar cohort study | Journal of Renal Injury Prevention |
| 26 | Determination of nitrate concentration in consumed vegetables and estimation of that’s dietary intake in Shaberstar and Khamenh city , northwest of Iran: Azar cohort study | Progress in Nutrition |
| 27 | Folate and vitamin B12 statusand their relation to hematological indices in healthy adults of Iranians:Azar cohort study | Nutrition and Health |
| 28 | Psychometric evaluation of a self-reported physical activity questionnaire used in the pilot phase of the Azar cohort study | Health Promotion Prospective |
| 29 | Seroepidemiology and risk factors of hepatitis C virus infection in East Azerbaijan ,Iran: population -based Azar cohort study | Caspian Journal of Internal Medicine |
| 30 | Prevalence of hepatitis D virus among HBsAg-positive individuals,2015-2016:Azar cohort study | Health Promotion Prospective |
| 31 | Repositioning of the global epicentre of non-optimal cholesterol | Nature |
| 32 | Height and body-mass index trajectories of school-aged children and adolescents from 1985to 2019 in 200 countrie and territories : apooled analysis of 2181 population -based studies with 65 milion participants children and adolescents from 1985 to 2019 in 200 countries | The Lancet |
| 33 | Worldwide trends in hypertension prevalence and progress in treatment and control from 1990 to 2019: a pooled analysis of 1201 population-representative studies with 104 million participants | The lancet |
| 34 | Nationwide Prevalence of Diabetes and Prediabetes and Associated Risk Factors Among Iranian Adults: Analysis of Data from PERSIAN Cohort Study | Diabetes Therapy |
| 35 | Effect of beverage consumption frequency on DMFT index among Iranian adult population; an AZAR cohort study | International Journal Of dentistry |
| 36 | Prevalence, awareness, treatment, and control of hypertension based onACC/AHA versus JNC7 guidelines in the PERSIAN cohort study | Scientific Report |
| 37 | The Association between Lake uremia disaster and the prevalence of thyroid Nodules and metabolic syndrome: the Azar cohort study | Health Promotion and Prospective |
| 38 | Relationship between DMFT indexand reproductive history- a cross-sectional study on enrollment phase of Azar cohort study | BMC Oral Health |
| 39 | Cohort profile: Azar Eye and Vision cohort study | Scientific Report |
| 40 | Are oral health behaviors associated with metabolic syndrome in the Azar cohort population? | BMC Oral Health |
| 41 | Association between age at menarche and multimorbidity in the Azar cohort | European Journal of Obstetrics & Gynecology and Reproductive Biology |
| 42 | The association of parity number with multimorbidity and polypharmacy among women in the Azar cohort | BMC woman health |
| 43 | Associations between Insulin Index and Dietary Insulin Load with Cardiometabolic phenotype in the AZAR cohort population: A cross-sectional study | BMJ Open |
| 44 | Female-biased association of NOS2-c.1823C>T (rs2297518) with co-susceptibility to metabolic syndrome and asthma | Canadian Journal of Physiology and Pharmacology |
| 45 | Prevalence of Smoking, Alcohol Use, and Drug Abuse in Iranian Adults: Results of Azar Cohort Study | Health Promotion perspective |
| 46 | Male-biased association of endothelial nitric oxide synthase Asp298Glu substitution (NOS3-c.894G/T) with asthma risk and severity | Journal of Asthma |
| 47 | Association between gastroesophageal reflux disease and dental caries among adults in the Azar cohort population: A cross-sectional study | Plos One |
| 48 | Validity and reproducibility of a food frequency questionnaire assessing food group intake in the PERSIAN Cohort Study | Frontiers in Nutrition |
| 49 | Which liver enzymes are good predictors of metabolic syndrome in Azar cohort population | هفدهمین کنگره بیماری های گوارش و کبد ایران؛ آذر 96 |
| 50 | Association between liver enzymes and risk of diabetes in Azar cohort population | هفدهمین کنگره بیماری های گوارش و کبد ایران؛ آذر 96 |
| 51 |  |  |